MACEDONIAN CALL

"Como Over Into Macedonia and Help Us." (Acts 16: 9.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., 918 CONGRESS AVE., OCTOBER: 1939.

THE CHURCH "WITH HER BACK TO THE WALL".

Several weeks ago Pilly Sunday said that the movid people had offered him a million dellars to become a movie actor for them; but he replied that he could not do it "while the murch had her back to the wall". Dean Inge, one of the most prominent preachers of England, said some time ago when speaking of moral and religious conditions, "I see no hope for either England or America, unless somehow new moral and religious life in injected into them."

Those standing on the firing line trying to get men and women to live better, will say that both of these men are speaking the truth. There is no use in trying to get away from the facts in the case, as disheartening as they may appear, for we shall have to most them some time. Those who army such a picture of darkness, are ridiculed, (Dean Inge is called the gloomy dean"), yet ridicule does not change the true situation one whit. I believe that the moral and religious world is up against one of the biggest problems it has had to contend against in the invision

In material advantages there are more people in merical living in case than among the same number of people since the beginning of time. In some respects, such as slavery and working conditions, the world is better, but what are the people in their personal morels? Our schools teach little morality any more, but father fun and indecency. They teach that man dame up from the lower enimals, and they thus destroy confidence in the only book of morels we have—the tible. In the higher institutions of learning, the professors would laugh at you if you said that you believe that the Bible is the ford of God. Our diverce laws have become a laughing stock throughout the world. Our great cities are largely in the hands of thugs. The relation between the sease is becoming more and more like the morality between dogs and data. Our evolution is downward rather than upward. Lawyers will resort to almost anything to make a name to themselves by freeing criminals who they know are gulity, and many judges it seems are influenced by money or votes to render unjust decisions. A prominent writer in a recent number of a big popular magnine ande fun of the past generation for its use of chaperons to try to keep their daughters pure in their lives. And very little moral training, and practically no religious training, is given the young people by their parents. These are conditions which confront us, and shutting our cycs does not cause them to disappear.

The so-called "Federated Thurches of Christ", which consists of most of the prominent Protestant denominations, tries to keep the real facts from the people about the condition of the Christien world. In their census they report additions but not dismissals. A few years ago, however, they made a slip, and their figures showed that when they had counted off their backsliders, they had lost helf a million members in the United States. A writer in a resent number of a popular magazine has taken from a prport of a .en's Teligious League, statements which show that the de-nominations are losing in real membership all the time. And a declorable thing is that most of the members which they now have are worldly. A dember in a Christian Church in a county seat, told me recently that the Sunday before the officials of his church, and of the Presbyterian Church and of the Jongregational Church, had all left their religious services and gone to Kanses lity to a Sunday base ball game. A minister in a color do town recently investigated and found that not one wan in nine attended church.

The spirit of evangelism is rapidly wraing among them. On Sun-

"corporal's guard" for their meeting. In fact, some churches disband it altogether in the summer, and in some places they have union meetings then to have enough to preach to. The Federated Thurshos of Christ has actually taken a stand against Evangelism, and because of that one of the smaller denominations has withdrawn from the organization. The insane evangelism of many preachers, and the mourner's bench system of getting religion, and the infidelity to the Scriptures in the head of the Federation, are probably responsible for their decree. The Federation will make more social clubs out of the churches, if they will permit it.

Has the church of christ her back against the wall, too? The facts indicate that she, too, is fighting for her life. There are quite a good man, additions reported just as there are in the denominational census, but nothing is said about the backsliders nor the worldly-minded people in our ranks. Some city churches are gainging in numbers, by that is nearly altogether by transfer of membership from churches in the country and smaller towns. Thild en of members are about the only ones being converted, and we are not holding very many of them. Some brather in the city seem to think that progress is being made throughout the brotherhood because they are growing by this transfer of membership. Because of these removals, the small places are suffering much.

Did you ever stop to think that we have very few presences who have devoted all their time to gospel work? Nearly all the presences have made part of their living at something else. Some of the monthly preachers may be doing well in a financial way. Some make from thrity to sixty dollars a week teaching school, working in a factory, store, etc., and then are remanerated live to twenty-five or thrity dollars on Lord's days. A few all-time preachers may shun the weaker places, preach smoothe things, and may do well; but the ones who hew to the line and go allywhere they are called, must use strict economy to get by. Unless there is a change, and if the interest in religion continues to decline, I believe it will be necessary very soon for the faithful all-time evengelist who has much of a family, will have to make part of his living at some secular calling. Paul did that and we can do the sense. I believe that every young man who expects to reach should learn some profession or occupation by which he can make his livings, him a chence to engage in local preaching and teaching.

A few days ago I received this in a letter from a brother who in hew early state in the past twenty years in building churches in new and weak places, "I am somewhat worn. This makes five meetings for he since July 5, and only one of them where the church claimed to be in order. The other four are real mission fields or where the church had run down. There exists about half support. Brother, it seems to me to be the hardest time to stir any interest among members to speak of, or to reach the world, that I ever all see. I wonder if it going to come to where we will have to go home like old father Noah while he built the ark-just go to work and preach around what little we can."

many brethren do not appreciate the sacrifices the evangelist, and especially his family, makes. Some brethren in the country thing that since they can live in the country and do well, if they could received fifteen or twenty dollars a week, the preacher with a good sized family can do the same in town. They forget that the farmer raises much of his living. Many don't figure carfare, and many think three Lord's days are the same a two wocks, when they are practically three weeks with the preacher, considering time going and returning, and a couple of days with his family. A preacher visits his family a couple of weeks after being away for two or three months, and he practically gets nothing as he pushes himself in (perhaps unwanted and uninvited) between the monthly visits of a preacher who makes his living at secular work. If he should receive thirty-five dollars while away from home, by the time all that twenty-five dollars a week. If some one could devise some way by which an evangelist when out preaching could make part of law sure that all preachers would rather stay closer home, and it is possible for a preacher to do a great work in a given locality.

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If a preacher is willing to compromise somewhat, he may be able to make it all right in a financial way. If he will settle down and preach all the time at one place, he may thrive for a while. If he will put on the soft pedal and touch very lightly, if at all, the picture show, dance and card party, the big churches may call him several times. But what preachers are there who show that the use of tobacco by a Christian hurts his influence very much? How many are coming out strongly against Christians' going to the Lord's Supper in the morning and a ball game in the afternoon—the ball game with its swearing, revelling, betting crowd? How many preachers are showing that Christians are living at ease in lion when they spend a thousand or fifteen hundwed dollars for a car when one almost mit half that price would do the work just as and they are not concerned that sick are neglected and preachers are leaving the field for lack of support and the world and church too sinks deeper and deeper in sin? How many show that Christians for a radiom and spend man'y hours listening to a lot of foolishness on the air? How many show that when wonen out their dresses off at the arm holes and up to their knees, or above, they are disobeying the command of an inspired man to dress in modest apparel? "Oh", some cownaidly soul says, "I don't believe in making a hobby of anything." Is it a hobby to preach the Word of God, and reprove and rebuke as God commands? Already we have too much preaching against the Jews and Papiste, and not enough to the sinners in the front row. All this ohn and should be done in the solrit of meeknes; but—it should be done. But I believe that the preacher who preaches that way will have to make part of his liveling, at least, at some secular calling, if he has much of a feally to make a living for himself and those depending on him.

There are many causes for this condition in the world and Church High-powered evangelism, neglect of discipline, catering to the world by church members, and to the members by preachers—are some of the causes. But the evil which lies at the bottom of most of it is neglect of reading the Bible and prayer. There are so many things to draw the attention of people today that Christians have fallen in line with the worldlians about them, and have not taken time for the daily study of the word of God and prayer. No Christian is going to be much of a Christian without this. "Waten and pray lest ye fall into temptation"—said the Savior himself, and if we neglect that we shall not only not save the world but we shall not even save ourselves.

For twenty years I have thought that one way to get people to study the Bible is to show them how and get them at it. That is one reason I have spent so much time in Bible drills, and have tried to get others to take it up. However, I never hold the drills with the children, but with the whole church: for if we can get grown-ups interested; they may continue it after the preacher is gone, but if only the children are interested the interest will soon die. But now I am wondering, what is the use of trying to show people how to read the Bible when they don't wish to read it? There must be created first the desire. If all of us will preach strong on the WRATH of God as well as his love, we may do a little. The Church needs conversion.

And who is there today who is giving any serious attention to the religious training of his children? The denominational world has given much attention to Sunday-schools, and clubs and societies for young people, (and even some in the Church of Christ have taken this up), and yet they are making very little impression on the young. God's plan is for fathers and mothers to bring up their children in the nurture and admonition of the Lord; and if parents are not sufficiently interested in their children to try their best to sake them, there is not much hope for the rising generation. One reason the Church has its back to the wall is because so many members of the Church are just like we are!

I see very little hope for the denominational world. In times past when the Church became corrupted, she still believed the Bible and it was that which led to a reformation; but the evolution and higher criticism have destroyed belief in the Fible, the only instrument which can mark a reformation. When the world and Church be-

PAGE FOUR to meet the people will have to look for something for their self-preservation, then perhaps they will sweet aside the philosophies of the schools and go back to the Bible. But that may be a long time yet.

And when he comes, the Church-the true people of God-will not have its back to the wall. No longer will they be fighting for their existence, for the Lord himself will then take a personal hand in their defense. He will reign till he puts all ancades under his feet. "To you who are troubled rest with us, when the Lord jesus shalls descend from heaven with his mighty angels in blawing fire, taking vergeans on them that know not God, and obey not the gospelor of our Lord jesus harist, who shall be junished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord and the second of the s

from the glory of his power! But, "we that are alive and remain shall be caught up to meet the Lord in the mir, and so shall we ever be with the Lord."

Oh, happy time! oh, glorious day, when Jesus course reain! But in the meantime we must tria our lamps for his coming.

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Notes for the 3rethron.

Catholic Church Against Innodest Dress. -- A bishop in the Catholic Church in France has begun a crusade against immodest dress. He says, "The corruption of morals is due to the immodesty of feminine attire. The contagion is so universal that there is bridly any remedy except to influence the next generation." Then this great, pretentious, religio-political machine can no longer control its women through the confessional and its percehicl school, we can not hope to do much with feshion-crazed women with the simple teachings of the Bible.

The bishop proposes to organize atholic girls all over the world and have them pledge decency in dress. He specifices the styles of dress NOT to be worn. "They include blouses which descend lover than two inches from the hollow of the throat; dresses whose sleeves do not reach the elbow; skirts which fail to conceal the knees; transparent stockings, and especially flesh-colored ones which gives the impression of nakedness. Many mothers, he bemoans, have thrown modesty to the winds." Many women in the Church of Christ have so little reverence for the word of God that they will laugh at this effort of this Catholic bishop, but I would rather take his chances of getting to heaven rather than those of such women, if he is as faithful in other things as he knows. Old Rome is putting the so-called "Church of Inrist" to shame. The command to dress in modest appared is as much of a command as to repent and be baptized.

Changes for the Better. -- Several months ago a paper bossted that it was certainly all right because of the old tried writers it had. It did not tell how manyarticles of the tried writers it

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has been throwing out. But I rejoice that in the past few nonths Mas been throwing out. But I rejoice that in the past few months some of those strong articles against sin are being printed. However, if the readers knew what terrible bettles have been fought that some of those articles might be printed, they would see that there is not much room for self gratulation. Also, the evidence is that some who have been criticized for not coming out stronger against sin, and for turning down dalls from weak and new places, seem to be changing some. I am sure all disciples rejoice at such advancement. However, those who do the criticizing received much blame. Abs martin, the humarist, says, "The meanest can in all the earth is the one who will censure you for giving him advice, and then will sneak off and take it." And, I may add, especially is this true when they will try to make people believe they have always done as they are now doing. But let us all preise the Lord for all upward moves according to his word.

Personalities. -- A brother recently wrote, "I enjoy Austen's fight against sin, but do not enjoy his personalities." Say, brother, is it only a ***** general statement when you mention a man's name and say you don't enjoy his "personalities", or is that, too, a "personality"?-----But after all, is it mere personalities which are to be condemned? I have seen many writings which were not constituted to be condemned? Which were not exactly personal, but they were of a contemptible digging nature, and I have seen writings where people's names were mentioned which I consider all right. When people are advocating rank principles which if carried out would overthrow the Church, the brethren ought to know who they are. I am not ashaned of my doctrine, and brethren may mention it as much as they please (so long as they state it just as it is); and I should think other brethren would feel the same about their doctrines.———But I am sorry that I can not "enjoy" this fight like the brother says he does. If more brethren would get into it, possibly I could get some enjoyment out of it. I shall be gind when it's over. But I do enjoy was Freeman Jones' fight against sin. He has the courage of his convictions, and unless we have more such men there is not much hope for the Gause remaining pure. Very few preachers have the courage to oppose the impodesty of dress few preachers have the courage to oppose the impodesty of dress as he has done in his challenge in the Review.

"A One-Man Paper .-- I have had much to say against the one-man preacher Pastor system in the Church; and while it is in Lind I mention that the one-man elder system is unscriptural too. And because I am the only one writing in the Macedonian Call, a writer thinks he has silenced he when he said that I have a "one-man paper." My silence was because the argument was so silly that I had no idea that it was an argument, but considered it merely a thrust. idea that it was an argument, but considered it merely a thrust, with no point, to which the writer has given himself so much. The difference is this: God has specifically shown that more than one man should feed and rule and watch and oversee a local church, but he has said nothing at all about how to print tracts and papers except that we are not to form another "body" through which to do any work.

Tetting into Sectarian meeting Houses .-- As the denominations deoline I am wondering whether there are not more opportunities to get into their meeting houses. Aren't we a little too careful on this matter? Paul went into the Jewish synagogues and began with Anglet sempletresent tried to lead them out of their error. Alexander Campbellwent into sectarian neeting houses wherever he could and tried to show them how the religious world could be united. Why should not we try to get the ears of the people in the same way? About fifteen years ago there were a couple of disciples in a Christian Church who wished me to come and preach and try to get some others out of that body. I went and "lectured" several nights, but did not get to bring out what I wished before Sunday. So I stayed over Sunday. The pastor invited me to preach Sunday night, and I did. The pipe organ played, and then the pastor introduced me with great eulogies on me and my father, supposing it seems that I would not have the nerve to condem their weys.

In as nice a way as I knew how, I gave a history of this reformation, in reality showing the difference between the thursh of Christ and the Christian Thurch. Several left the house, but I went on. In a couple of days I tried to get a debate out of the pestor, but he would not. However, we got out of Babylon some firm wen and women, and now there is a nice little congregation at widdletown, Ind. As nearly as possible we should adopt the rinci4

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Ble of Jesus that "I have anny things to say to you, but you are not able to bear the now," and should try to educate them. Teaching the book of Acts would be a fine way to educate them on the apostolic church. Then they shut the door of the house absent us, possibly there will be a few who will listen to the truth.

Knocking against Paul's Doctrines. —A brother and sister write to a certain brother to code and hold then a desting, saying their caurch was abuost dead, though they had twenty deaders. The brother written to proceeds to knock Paul's distrine that Christians are to edify themselves by his "wondering" if they "were just selfishly interested in 'edifying themselves' and just died? It'll do it—every time? If you'll just give it time." If this church is like any others which are "allost dead" it is not because they didn't have preaching but because they had here preaching—because their preacher herely proched to then and did not make a serious effort to show those brethren how to edify themselves, nor get them at it. A. A. Morris expressed the fauth alearly in the Review thirty years ago, "There is MANIFESTLY A FAULT in the preacher who does all the preaching, praying, reading of the Scriptures, talking at the Lord's table, baptizing, once a month in any given locality, and does not develop the church so that it can hold intensely interesting and profitable meetings on the following Lord's days." If the preachers at this church had done what words taught, it probably would not be "allost dead" now. They could have been alive even if there were only two or three of them.

Swinging onto the Rear Goach of the Bible Tollege Trin. -- Some brethren after being satisfied to glorify God in the Thurch, as Paul commands, are now disposed to compromise with these numer organizations which rival the Church. They forget that the Bible College train is headed toward Rome. A brother who lives in the South recently told me that one of these churches had a cantal Claus performance has thristmas. He also additted that many of the young people in those Bible college churches in that city danced, and that the preachers did not say anything against it. Brathren, is that what you wish to band in? The Bible college churches in the South are about two-thirds of the wy to the Christian Church. They have the pastor syste. Generally, organized Sunday-schools with literature, several different kinds of organizations to do work of the Church, etc. I have tried again and again to get one of their big men to affirm this proposition: "The human organization of a Bible Tollege, such as the Exvid Lipscomb Tollege, established by Christians to teach the Bible in the curriculum along with secular branches, is scriptural." They will not affirm this clear proposition, yet I challenge them to show a single point in it which is not their position in practice. I have a good letter from a brother in Texas who preaches, and he shows that the Bible college people there are getting closer and closer to the Christian Church. Brethren, stay off the Bible College train if you don't wish to land in the ditch.

Hiscellaneous. -- I need about twenty-five dollars yet to send the lest i. C. on "How the Pope God Started", to the 3000 preachers on the year-book. Who wishes to do that dissionary work? Send to D. A. Sommer, 918 Congress Ave., Indiana colis, Ind. It is as much missionary work to keep brethren from drifting as it is to convert out and out sinners. I am printing this M. J. with the mimeograph to put the difference between it and a type printed paper into stamps----"The time is code that judgment must orgin at the house of God, and if it first begin at us what shall the end be of Magn who oboy not the gospel of God?"

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Butler University

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

LIBRARY

January 6, 1944

Mr. D. A. Sommer 918 Congress Avenue Indianapolis, Indiana

Bear Brother Sommer:

We have been making a complete check of all the periodicals of the Churches of Christ in our archives at the School of Religion. Our file of the MACEDONIAN CALL, a great many of which we secured from you some time ago, is complete for a number of years. We need the issue of May 1942 to complete the recent years. Could you supply this issue for us? This will complete our file from 1934 to 1943.

For the years previous to 1934 we have the following issues:

1929 - January, July.

1930 - Jamuary, April, July, October.

1931 - January, April, July, October.

1932 - October.

1933 - January, Uctober, November.

Were these all the issues published? If not would it be pessible for us to secure the other issues? We are in a position to carefully preserve this valuable periodical and appreciate having it along with others of like interest. We sincerely appreciate the fact that you have included us on your mailing list for the past several years, and hope that you may be able to continue this courtesy to us.

With every good wish for you and your work, I am,

Enos E. Dowling, Bibliographer School of Religion Library

Dear Bro. Dowling:

I am enclosing you may, 1942, which is not very handy for insertion with the others. You will notice that there was a mistake made regarding Vol. numbers. Im Between Feb. and March, 1942, the Vol. was shifted by the printers from Vol 16 to Vol 17, and then we had to have the next year Vol. 17 also, to correct it. For years the M. C. was only published as I found time, between my protracted meeting work, hence it was often on three or four times a year. Some of the issues were entirely used up, and you have as complete a series as I have. Our little paper is small but is working a revolution we think, in the way of starring churches to DEVELOPING of talent.

the ages. Of the Ten Commandments,